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THE FAR EAST IN PARLIAMENT.

EASTERN SIBERIA.

Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, replying in the House of Commons, on June 8th, to Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy, said that Vladivostok and Nikolai had been taken by troops, who formerly served under the late General Kappel, and were now commanded by General Verbitsky. As a result of this movement, the Chita Government had sent troops to form a front on the Ussuri Railway at Imampoo. A Government had been established at Vladivostok under M. Merkuloff, representing all parties except the Communists and the followers of General Semenov. This Government had dissolved the National Assembly of the Maritime Province, and new elections were to take place at the end of this month. It was not a fact that a Royalist or counter-revolutionary Government had been set up under Japanese protection, or that certain survivors of Wrangel's Army were being transported from Turkey to Vladivostok. In reply to the question whether his Majesty's Government was using its good offices to prevent further attacks on the Government of Russia he said his Majesty's Government did not propose to interfere in any way with the internal affairs of the Far Eastern Republic or of Russia.

JAPANESE IN RUSSIA.

Replying to Mr. Lunn, on June 13th, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs (Luton), said that so far as H.M. Government were aware, the Japanese had no intention of invading Siberia.

Colonel Wedgwood asked if the Japanese had not turned out the Red Government at Vladivostok. Mr. Cecil Harmsworth: I have answered that in the negative.

Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy: There are bodies of Japanese in Vladivostok at the moment. That is Russian territory, and what are they doing there?

Mr. Cecil Harmsworth: That does not mean invasion. Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, replying to a further question by Mr. Lunn, said that a Note had been received from the Soviet Government protesting against the invasion by Japan of the Republic, but in view of the baseless allegations against His Majesty's Government that the Note contained, it had been returned to M. Krassin as unacceptable. (Hear, hear.)

THE COST OF WEI-HAI-WEI.

In the course of a debate on the report of a vote for £5,538,000 for works, buildings, and repairs at home and abroad, Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy moved, a reduction of £800,000 as a protest against proposed expenditure at Weihaiwei and Bermuda.

Mr. Ervay-Monsell pointed out that only £1,700 was to be expended this year on Weihaiwei, which was used as a health resort for the Fleet during the hot season.

SALES OF DYES IN CHINA.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin, on June 13th, in reply to Capt. Wedgwood Benn, who asked the President of the Board of Trade, if in view of the preclusion of sales of dyes to users in China except through their agents there, he would say who were the agents, and if he could state whether the price that the British makers' agents sold at in the China market was less than that to our home users, said the agents in China of the British Dyestuffs Corporation (to whom he presumed the question referred) were Messrs. Brunner Mond (China), Ltd., Shanghai. As regards the second part of the question, he had already informed the hon. and gallant member that the Government was not responsible for the management of the Corporation, and he could not undertake to answer questions regarding their operations.

THE CHINA SOCIETY IN LONDON.

The report of the Council for 1920-1921 states:—During the year ending April 30th, 1921, nineteen new members have been elected, while, on the other hand, there have been four losses by death and two resignations. Reference must be made to the invaluable work done for the Society by the late Mr. George Jamieson, C.M.G., who from the very beginning showed the keenest interest in its welfare, and as Chairman of the Council contributed in a notable degree to its successful development. It will be seen from the balance sheet, which Mr. C. B. Dodwell has again been so kind as to audit, that the Society's funds in the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank amount to £127 ss. 8d.—an appreciable increase on last year's balance. It should be added, however, that rather a heavy bill for printing expenses in connection with the dinner is still outstanding. Besides the two publications already noted, a revised list of members was printed (in a rather more convenient form for reference) last December. The China Society's copy of the great Encyclopedia, *Tsu Shu Chi Ching*, comprising over 5,000 volumes, which for some years has stood in the Library of the School of Oriental Studies, has hitherto been of restricted value to students owing to the want of a proper system of numbering. This defect has now been remedied by Mr. P. E. O'Brien, Butler, a member of the Society, who spent several weeks of the winter in arranging and marking the volumes, as well as labelling their cloth cases. The grateful thanks of the Society are due to him for his unselfish labours. Another benefactor to be mentioned is Mr. P. H. Emanuel, who has presented the Society with a set of the *Geographical Journal*.

THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

[ASIATIC NEWS AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 13th.

According to the investigations made by the Chinese Bankers Association in the Capital, the total amount of notes issued by the Banque Industrielle de Chine in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Fengtien and Tsinan is \$9,221,000, the biggest circulation is in Shanghai which has notes to the value of \$732,000. Tientsin comes second with \$388,000, while Peking occupies the third position with only \$383,000. By arrangement between the Ministry of Finance, the French Legation and the Banque Industrielle de Chine, the Chinese Bankers Association will commence cashing the notes in Peking on the 13th inst. at the Bankers' headquarters. Owing to the lack of arrangement for the payment of the Chinese depositors and current accounts, the Chinese creditors have placed the matter in the hands of the well-known Chinese lawyer, Mr. Lin Chen-kuei, who recently represented the Chinese Government in the lawsuit against Dr. Wu Ting-fang, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Military Government in Canton, relating to the deposit of the Customs surplus in the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, for final settlement with the French authorities in Paris.

THE PROGRESS OF CHINESE BANKS.

The rapid progress being made by Chinese financiers and banks (says Prof. Jeremiah Jenks, Director of the American Far Eastern Bureau), is one of the most encouraging signs of China's renaissance to-day. Twenty years ago, he reminds us, Chinese banking was wholly untouched by modern progress. Even at the close of the Manchu rule the progress had been slow indeed in breaking away from the established native system, excellent as that was for that day, but totally inadequate for the needs of a new and modernised China. Yet at the present time we have to deal with a thoroughly modernised group of Chinese financiers, many of them fully as competent as Western specialists in money and banking to handle the affairs of their country, and the creation of the so-called modern Chinese banks, in contrast to the old banking regime, has gone so far that we have the Consortium of American, French, British, and Japanese interests considering the possibility of dealing with a Chinese group representative of the new financial order in the Chinese Republic. The chief objection—indeed, the only one of real importance—to admitting a group of Chinese bankers to full membership in the Consortium would seem to be, says Prof. Jenks, the impossibility of marketing Chinese bonds in China at rates as favourable as could be secured in Europe, Japan, or America—not at all the competence or standing of Chinese bankers.

U.S. EFFORTS FOR FAR EASTERN TRADE.

Recognising the overwhelming importance of the East in world trade and politics, the Council of New York University, says the *Far Eastern Fortnightly*, has authorised the establishment of the Division of Oriental Commerce and Politics as a part of the School of Commerce work at the Wall Street Centre in the heart of financial America. The Division of Oriental Commerce and Politics is the result of the growing interest manifested in the courses given at New York University on the history and economics of the East, with its field of vast development awaiting Western enterprise co-operating with some 600,000,000 people of Asia. The work of the new unit will be headed by Dr. Jeremiah W. Jenks, Research Professor in Government and internationally known financial expert and authority on the Far East. Charles Hodges, who has been developing the course on Asia in New York University, is to act as Assistant Director of the Division of Oriental Commerce and Politics.

The work will be under the administrative jurisdiction of Dean A. W. Taylor of the Graduate School of Business Administration. The scope of the Division of Oriental Commerce and Politics includes all Asia and the Pacific East from Egypt and the Near East through India, the East Indies, China, Japan to Asiatic Russia. The new Division of Oriental Commerce and Politics of the School of Commerce is the first effort to develop a unit devoted to the study of practical economic and political problems affecting American business relations with the East.

IRRITATED & INFLAMED EYE

can be directly traced in many cases to the Sunday Motor trip and Golfing. The dust from sections of the local roads contain a decided eye irritant. A suggestion for these trips would be to keep the windshield up and to use a pair of Sun glasses. Sun glasses of any pattern with either Crookes, Luxfel, Flouzel, Amber, London Smoke, or Blue lenses are obtainable at very moderate prices from The Hongkong Optical Co., successors to Clark & Co., Manufacturing and Refracting Opticians—the most competent manufacturing optical establishment in South China—located in 53, Queen's Road Central, (opposite to the Singer Sewing Machine Company.—Advt. [562]

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THE "MUI TSAI" QUESTION.

THE PROPOSED "MASS MEETING."

A Chinese notice to the following effect has appeared in the vernacular papers concerning a mass meeting of the Chinese to discuss the pro and cons of the "Mui Tsai" question.

Whereas some people have asked questions in the House of Commons in London and incited all classes to influence the Secretary of State for the Colonies to take steps concerning our old practice of keeping servant-girls, we, therefore, invite our fellow-Chinese residents in Hongkong to attend a meeting to be held on Saturday, the 30th instant at 2.30 p.m. at the Tai Ping Theatre, to discuss the following matters and pass such resolutions as the majority of those present may decide, so that the Hongkong Government will be fully acquainted with our views. As the question affects seriously our Chinese custom, we shall be glad, if interest be taken extensively at the meeting at the appointed time.

- Matters for discussion:—
1. Is it a fact that servant girls are brought up for prostitution?
 2. Are servant-girls slaves?
 3. Are servant-girls kept for the sexual purposes of their masters who, when tired of them, sell them?
 4. Has the Chinese Government passed any law to abolish the practice of keeping servant-girls?
 5. Can the owners of servant-girls ill-treat them as they please?
 6. Any other matters relating to the question of servant-girls.
- In the event of the above-mentioned matters being found to be facts, we should request the Hongkong Government to pass a law to abolish the system altogether. If found groundless, we should also take steps among ourselves to prevent possible abuses, so as not to give others excuse for making such accusations.

(Sd.) LAU CHU-PAK.

Chinese Member of the Legislative Council of Hongkong.

For the further elucidation of the matter we suggest that the promoters of the meeting should consider the following questions:—

1. What do you mean by (a) domestic service, (b) slavery?
2. Are the mui tsai purchased by their owners in the vast majority of cases, for philanthropic or for commercial reasons?
3. If the object of purchasing mui tsai is in order to obtain cheap labour what protection against abuse do these children enjoy?
4. Are people who profit by this system trustworthy judges of the desirability or otherwise of continuing the system?
5. Does not the continuance of the present system constitute "racial discrimination" of which the owners of the meeting are declared opponents?
6. In reference to the question of ill-treatment it is expected that those who offend in this respect will give evidence at the meeting?

In the House of Commons on June 10th, the POSTMASTER said he would rather be governed by the DEVIL than by a BUREAUCRAT because the latter was always trying to fool on the people what he thought was for their good. He was looking for bureaucrats in the Post Office and he gave the House to understand that when he came across them there would be slaughter, grim and vast.

—Daily Telegraph

THIRTY YEARS IN CHINA. OBILD SLAVERY AND PURCHASE OF WIVES.

Thirty-two years' medical and missionary work in the interior of China furnishes Dr. John A. Anderson, of Aberdeenshire who is at present on a visit to the Children's Sheltering Homes, Myrtle-street, Liverpool, with much interesting matter concerning the life and customs in modern China. His narrative demonstrates once again the immeasurable gulf which still separates Eastern and Western ideas. He related stories to a *Liverpool Daily Post* interviewer which show that, in spite of forbidding edicts, foot-binding of children, opium smoking and cultivation, and child slavery, not in the interior of China alone, but in the British Crown Colony of Hongkong, still continues.

A PAINFUL PRACTICE.

"Only in thoroughly Westernised families has enlightenment triumphed over customs; custom is more respected than laws," said Dr. Anderson. "A child," he said, "is taken at the age of two and the four small toes are drawn beneath the foot, leaving the big toe outstretched in its natural position, the heel is pressed forward towards the tips of the toes, and with the instep thus cruelly arched, the foot is bound day after day for practically the whole of a Chinese woman's life. This excruciatingly painful practice is carried out by the majority of Chinese parents even to-day."

"Child slavery is prevalent, also, to an appalling extent," said Dr. Anderson. "The custom is called adoption, but money payments are made and in many cases the girls become worse than household drudges. In the North of China the ordinary purchase price of little girls of seven or eight ranges to-day from a few dollars to twenty dollars, while in the famine areas they are procurable for a few cents. These purchases, it should be remembered, do not secure mere temporary service, but permanent possession, and, consequently, for older girls the price paid varies according to attractiveness and usefulness. Later, in many cases, they are sold in marriage, perhaps for many times the

(Continued at foot of next column.)

REVENUE OFFICERS' DISCOVERY.

OPIUM IN A HARBOUR BUOY.

HAUL WORTH \$7,730.

Revenue officers have to put in overtime thinking of possible places for the concealment of opium. It would appear that anything hollow and dry may be a hiding place for opium no matter how unlikely the position may be. Who would imagine that a harbour buoy would conceal opium? Yet, this week, that has been found to be the case. Supt. Taylor, C. P. O. Watt and a party of Chinese revenue officers visited a buoy in the harbour near Causeway Bay. They had some difficulty in unbolting the cover of the buoy; the weight of the man operating caused the buoy to turn over and several of the revenue officers had a ducking.

When the cover had at length been removed, a human boy was put inside the harbour buoy, as the opening was too small for a full-grown man to use it. The lad handed out three bags which were found to contain 725 taels of prepared opium worth \$7,730. It is thought that the dealer, whoever he is, has been in the habit of visiting the buoy, by sampan, at night, and taking as much opium from the store as he wanted for his immediate purposes.

It is a nice legal point whether the shipping company which is said to own the buoy is liable for having illicit opium in its possession. Is a buoy, part of its premises or, as it floats, would the law regard it as a vessel?

REGULATION OF THE HARBOUR.

CASES AT THE MARINE COURT.

At the Marine Court, yesterday morning, the master of a cargo boat was charged with having been unlawfully alongside the s.s. *Albatross* before the police had been aboard. The defendant said his boat was carried there by the current. The Magistrate (Lieutenant Conway Hake, R.N.R.) imposed a fine of \$13.

For unlawfully making fast to the same vessel another defendant was fined \$25 or one month's imprisonment.

The master of the steam launch *Li On* was charged with faulty navigation. Evidence was given by Lance-Sergeant Carly that the defendant went ahead of a big junk that was tacking across the harbour near Yau-mat, notwithstanding that there was plenty of room astern, and a collision was narrowly avoided.

A penalty of \$5 was inflicted, the Magistrate directing that the coxswain should be re-examined before his certificate was returned to him.

DIVERSION IN SPRING GARDEN LANE.

BOMB CRACKERS ON SALE.

Leonard Dexter, an American sailor of the U.S.S. *Hart*, was arrested by the police for disorderly conduct in Spring Garden Lane, on Thursday night, by throwing bomb crackers into the houses. He was allowed personal bail in the sum of \$5. When the case was called before Mr. G. N. Orme, yesterday, the defendant failed to appear and his bail was estreated.

A Chinese boy was charged with having sold crackers to the sailor, without a licence. The lad said that he did not know it was unlawful to sell crackers. He saw many boys selling them to American sailors, so he bought a couple of packets to retail and make a few cents profit.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$5 or 14 days' hard labour.

THE "HONG MOH" DISASTER.

Among some 200 bodies of victims of the *Hong Moh* disaster recently recovered on the coast of China about 50 miles from the scene of the wreck, was that of Captain H. W. Holmes, the master of the ill-fated ship which went ashore near Swatow, and who lost his life while swimming in the sinking vessel to one of the boats standing by to render assistance.—*Strait Times*.

The wreck of the vessel now lies on the Boat Rocks near the Lammock Islands was sold by auction yesterday afternoon by Messrs. Lammert Bros. There were many bidders until the bidding passed the thousand dollar mark. It was knocked down to the Kwong Tak Chong Co. for \$1,250.

original purchase price. Among the middle-class people sixty dollars is quite a common price to pay for a wife. The principle and the religious faiths of the Chinese, that they must have a son to worship and pray for their souls and the good fortune of their household makes the Chinaman frequently a polygamist. So, it is no uncommon thing for a Chinaman to have three, four, and even more wives, and often they have been obtained by purchase. This child purchase leads to many cases of brutal ill-treatment."

SLAVES IN HONGKONG.

Dr. Anderson tells of one little Chinese "slave" being brought to his hospital covered from head to foot with little burns as though he had been prodded with some hot instrument. "Hundreds of such slaves," added the doctor, "are eventually shipped to houses of ill-fame in Shanghai, Singapore, Hongkong, etc." The European views these habits and practices in a different spirit to the Oriental, but it is discreditable that they should be in operation in the Crown Colony of Hongkong, an island which for nearly 100 years has been under British rule, which is controlled by a British Governor and Legislative Council, and where there are some 6,000 Europeans.

S.P.O.R.T.

TENNIS.

GARRISON LEAGUE.

The following are the results of matches played during the week:—

R.A.S.C. beat R.G.A. by 7 sets to 2.
S.S.M. Stroud and Pte. Landsley beat B.Q.M.S. Clarke and Sgt. Phillips R.G.A. 6-0, beat G.S. Clow and Dyer 6-0, beat C.S.M. Williams and Sgt. Shipley 6-0.
S.S.M. Booth and S.S.M. Cousins beat Clarke and Phillips 6-2, lost to Clow and Dyer 2-6, beat Williams and Shipley 6-3.
S. Sgt. Harrocks and Sgt. Floyd lost to Clarke and Phillips 6-8, beat Clow and Dyer 6-4, beat Williams and Shipley 8-1.
R.A.O.C. beat R.A.M.C. by 5 sets to 4.
Capt. Spinks and S.M. Haynes beat S.M. Thompson and S. Sgt. Jape (R.A.M.C.) 6-1, beat Sgt. Ricks and Sgt. Hollands 6-0, beat Cpls. Savage and Stone 6-1.
S.M. Foster and S. Sgt. Bradley lost to Savage and Stone 4-6, beat Ricks and Hollands 6-2, beat Thompson and Jape 6-1.
S. Hargreaves and S.C. Nicholas lost to Ricks and Hollands 2-6, lost to Thompson and Jape 3-6, lost to Savage and Stone 1-6.
R.E. beat R.A.M.C. by 7 sets to 2.
S.M. Smith and S. Sgt. Hamblin beat Cpls. Savage and Stone (R.A.M.C.) by 6-4, lost to Major Tomlinson and S.M. Thompson 5-7, beat S. Sgt. Jape and Sgt. Ricks 6-2.
S.M. Pearson and Cpl. Townsend beat Savage and Stone 6-2, beat Jape and Ricks 6-3, beat Tomlinson and Thompson 6-2.
Cpl. Hallam and Spr. Coupland beat Savage and Stone 7-5, beat Jape and Ricks 8-6, lost to Tomlinson and Thompson 5-7.

LEAGUE TABLE.

CLUB.	P.	W.	L.	POINTS.
R.A.O.C.	4	4	0	8
R.E.	3	3	0	6
R.A.M.C.	5	1	4	2
2/Wiltshires	4	1	3	2
R.A.N.C.	2	1	1	2
R.G.A.	2	0	2	0

A Doubles Competition has been arranged for the W.O.s., N.C.O.s. and men of the Garrison for a Challenge Cup presented by Officers of the Garrison. Entries close on 20th August.

THE WAR IN KWANGSI.

THE CAPTURE OF KWEI YUEN.

"The complete collapse of the Kwangsi military machine" is announced. The *Canton Times* says:—Kwei Yuen was captured and War Lord Lu Yung-ting in a circular telegram has announced his resignation from the bogus appointment given him by the illegal Government in Peking as "Inspector-General of Kwangsi and Kwangtung."

The campaign which was started by the resigned War Lord with the intention of subduing Kwangtung, has come to a sudden and dramatic end, and no more heavy fighting between the Kwangsi and Kwangtung troops is expected now except some probable guerrilla warfare with some of the defeated subordinates of the War Lord who have now fled with their troops to the interior and might give the Cantonese troops some trouble every now and then in looting and devastating villages and towns.

The capture of Kwei Yuen was comparatively much easier than the capture of the other cities such as Shumchow, Pingnam, Teng Yuen and others. Before the Cantonese troops surrounded the city, the Kwangsi troops under Ping-kwan and Wai Wing-chang had previously evacuated leaving the city without a strong defence. When the Cantonese began to open fire, flags of truce were sent flying over the city gates and a commission of businessmen came out to inform the Chinese that the city was free of Kwangsi troops and invited the triumphant entry of the Cantonese to take possession of the city which was immediately done with practically no bloodshed.

Firecrackers were set off by the entire population of Kwei Yuen to welcome the Cantonese troops and it is reported that the discharge of firecrackers continued throughout the night till early the next morning.

In view of the occupation of Kwei Yuen by the Cantonese troops which is so near the threshold of Nan Ning, War Lord Lu Yung-ting realised the hopelessness of his remaining in office and with the hope of saving his own life, he issued the circular telegram announcing his resignation and at the same deserted Nan Ning, leaving the city in the charge of some of the unimportant military commanders to do the best they can to hold the city against the coming of the Cantonese troops which are expected minutely.

When this piece of good news reached General Chen Chung-ming orders were given to move his military headquarters to Kwei Yuen so that operations can be directed more effectively against the remaining few of those Kwangsi generals who have not yet time to flee and leave the province.

Kwei Yuen is a very strategic city upon which the safety of Nan Ning, the capital of the province depends. Now that it has fallen into the hands of the Cantonese, military experts declare that the occupation of Nan Ning will be a very easy matter. In fact they declare that the fall of Kwei Yuen is equivalent to the fall of the military machine of Kwangsi.

Much rejoicing among the people everywhere is seen and heard from placards of large characters announcing the capture of Kwei Yuen and the flight of the War Lord were prominently seen in the city while fire-crackers were set off in large quantities while basking and general rejoicing ruled supreme yesterday until late at night.

THE CHINESE EXPEDITION TO MONGOLIA.

A START AT LAST.

[ASIATIC NEWS AGENCY.]

HARBIN, July 8th.

Parts of the 20th division of the Fengtien army passed through here en route for Manchuria, with Urga as their final destination this morning, under the command of Lieut.-General Liang Chao-tung. In addition, numerous military officers are proceeding to Manchuria for employment as staff and command officers in the Mongolian expeditionary force there. Marshal Chang Tso-lin, by arrangement with the Chinese authorities, is going to attack the Ugeru-Hutuktu combination through Manchuria and Hailar, instead of through Kaigun and Pongkiang as was originally intended at the Tientsin Conference. Chinese military officers say that a large military transport can be saved by using the Manchurian route because the Chinese troops will not be required to pass through the Gobi Desert and also that the Chinese, in case of need, can expect co-operation from the Red forces which are now stationed just beyond the Chinese market town of Maiminicheng or Kinkhu waiting for the rejection of Baron Ungern and his entourage by the Chinese troops from Chinese territory. In his official despatch to the military officers at Harbin, Marshal Chang says that, on account of the recent heavy defeat of Baron Ungern at the hands of the Chinese forces, it will not require a large Chinese army to drive out the Russian rubble from Mongolia, and that in view of the deplorable condition of the Russian reactionary forces, the High Pacific Commission for Mongolia does not anticipate any serious fighting around Urga.

PEKING, July 13th.

Prince Kungshang, Chief of the Tibetan and Mongolian Bureau, returned from Mukden yesterday afternoon where he and other Mongolian Princes Nobles took part in the so-called Mongolian Conference under the presidency of Marshal Chang Tso-lin relating to the Chinese military expedition to Outer Mongolia. The Prince interviewed President Hu this morning. According to the reports of Prince Kungshang, who is one of the leading and progressive Princes of Mongolia, the result of the Conference with Chang Tso-lin was very satisfactory because all the Princes and Nobles, who attended the Conference, agreed to co-operate with Marshal Chang Tso-lin's army by supplying foodstuffs for troops and fodder for the military horses at reasonable charges and, in case of necessity, the Mongolian militia of the various Banners and Tribes will join forces with the Chinese troops to attack the Russian invaders. Prince Kungshang adds that in the presence of Chang Tso-lin and other high officers, the Mongolian Princes and Nobles signed an agreement concerning the joint working of the Chinese and the Mongolian forces against Urga.

THE CHINA SQUADRON.

The following paragraphs are from the latest Home papers:—A new crew will shortly be despatched to the light cruiser *Cairo*, China Station, where that cruiser is long overdue for recommissioning, her two years having expired three months ago.

In addition to new crew for the *Cairo*, various reliefs for the river gunboats, which form such an important part of the naval forces in the Far East, will be sent out at the same time.

Over 800 naval ratings recently arrived per the s.s. *Rhyden* from the China Station on relief. Not a few were invalids, who stood the voyage well. There were no casualties coming home.

The command of the sloop *Mayfield*, China Squadron, will shortly change hands, as Commander Basil R. Brooke, D.S.O., will complete two years in the course of a few months.

The command of the *Curlew* goes to Captain H. E. Sullivan, D.S.O., who has just passed through the War College course, and had a distinguished career in the late war.

Lieutenant F. E. Chevalier, D.S.C., has been posted to the special service vessel *Albatross* on the China Station.

Commissioned Telegraphist H. Johnson is about to join the *Tamar*, depot ship, Hongkong, for service with the Wireless Station at that naval base. Captain William M. James, C.B., has just been appointed to the command of the light cruiser *Hawkins*, flagship of Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander L. Duff, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of the China Station, in succession to Captain Reginald G. H. Henderson, C.B. This appointment also carried with it that of Chief of Staff to the Commander-in-Chief. Captain James has served afloat since September 1897, saw much service in the late war (mentioned in despatches, C.B.), and now vacates the command of the light cruiser *Curlew* on the China Station to take up that of the flagship. It may be recalled that Captain James is the original of Millais' famous oil painting "Bubbles"—the little cherub-looking chap with the blue eyes and curly hair, watching the bubbles floating in the air. It is said that Captain James does not care to be reminded of the fact, but with the best of motives it is sure to recur, and we trust to receive absolute confirmation by mentioning it.

The appointment was announced by the Admiralty of Rear-Admiral C. Macleachlan, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral and Senior Naval Officer, Yangtze, in succession to Rear-Admiral George Holmes Borrett, C.B., to date October 17th, 1921. Rear-Admiral Macleachlan was until May 1st in command of the Reserve Fleet at Rosyth. He was navigator of the *Esmeralda* during the time she was Sir Arthur Wilson's flagship in the Channel Fleet in 1904-7. All through the war he was a Grand Fleet captain. He commanded the *King Edward VII.* until she was sunk by mine off the North of Scotland in January, 1916, and then the *Royal Oak* for his handling, of which at Jutland he was commended in despatches.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

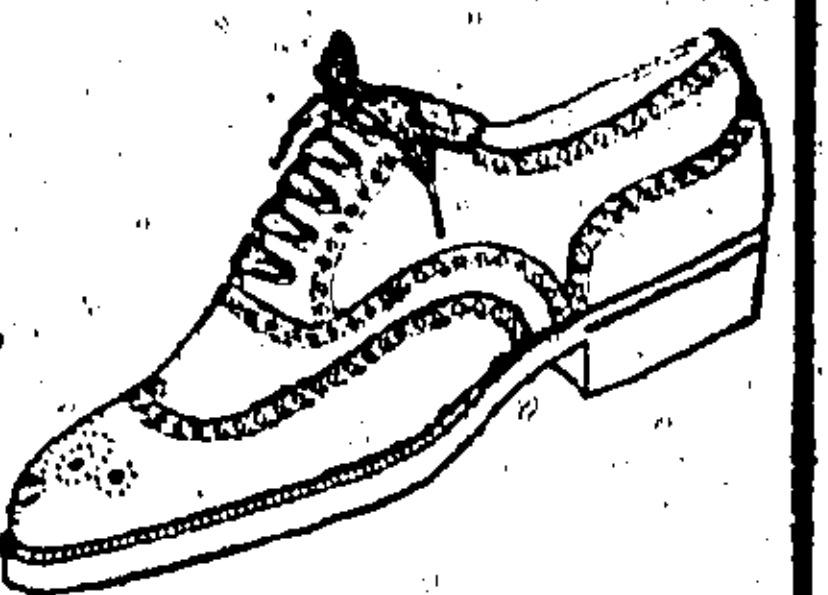
ESTABLISHED 1850.

WE MAKE A SPECIAL STUDY OF MEN'S FOOTWEAR AND DUE REGARD IS PAID IN THE MAKING TO THE SEVERE TESTING ALL SUCH FOOTWEAR MUST UNDERGO!



THE EXCEPTIONAL VALUE OF THIS FOOTWEAR IS PROVED MOST CLEARLY IN THE SERVICE RENDERED.

\$25.



GENTS' PUMPS

PERFECTLY

CUT

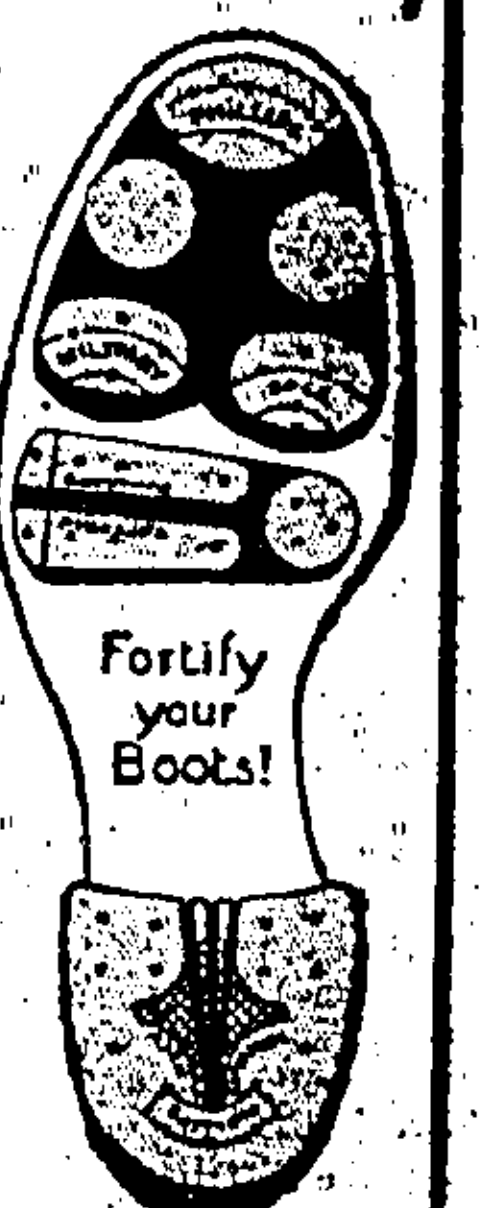
MADE OF

THE FINEST

QUALITY PATENT LEATHER.

SIZES AND HALF SIZES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.



FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF

SAFES

RELIABLE ENGLISH MAKERS

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

NOTE

THE

NOTES

THE COLUMBIA RECORD TRADE MARK.

ANDERSON'S

(SOLE DISTRIBUTORS.)

184

Powell

TELEPHONE 346.

SPECIAL SHOW

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY

OF

NEW GOODS

FOR

BABY'S WEAR.

The whole of our Window has been devoted to the display of these dainty things, and the pleasure of a visit is solicited by

Wm. POWELL, Ltd., DES VŒUX ROAD, CENTRAL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.

LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT
(Handicap Doubles) will commence in August for two cups kindly presented by Messrs. D. J. VALENTINE & A. D. HUMPHREYS. Competitors choose their own partners. Entry List and further particulars will be found in the Pavilion. Entries CLOSE on SATURDAY, 30th JULY, 1921.
Hongkong, July 22nd, 1921. [1237]

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.
CABARET DINNER DANCING.

SATURDAY, 23rd JULY.

WEDNESDAY, 27th JULY.

THE CLARINS

will Present
THE LATEST BALLET AND BALL
ROOM DANCES. [1238]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

"MANELA"

Arrived Hongkong, on July 22nd, 1921.
FROM LONDON, PORT SAID, ADEN,
COLOMBO & STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions have been given to the contrary six hours before arrival of the Steamer.

Goods not cleared within 8 days, including date of arrival, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GUNNARD & DOUGALL, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and TUESDAYS.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.
Hongkong, July 22nd, 1921. [1239]

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship

"SADO MARU"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary, before Noon To-day.

Goods not cleared by July 29th, 1921, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co's representatives at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and FRIDAY. All claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Agents.
Hongkong, July 22nd, 1921. [1230]

NATIONAL LOANS OF THE THIRD

YEAR OF THE REPUBLIC (1914)

AND OF THE FOURTH YEAR OF THE

REPUBLIC (1915).

SUBSCRIBERS to the above TWO LOANS

are hereby notified that the Drawing of Bonds for redemption will take place at Peking on the following dates—namely—

THIRD YEAR LOAN, Fourth drawing—

on 1st December, 1921.

FOURTH YEAR LOAN, Third drawing—

on 1st September, 1921.

The numbers of drawn bonds with date and place of repayment will be announced in due course by the Ministry of Finance.

F. A. AGLEN,
Inspector General of Customs.

Inspectorate General of Customs,
Peking, 14th July, 1921. [1233]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of

the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY, 1921, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Yau Ma Tei in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 70 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 70 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

Lot No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents.	Annual Rental.	Unit Price.
1	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
2	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
3	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
4	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
5	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
6	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
7	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
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98	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
99	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50
100	Yau Ma Tei.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	100 sq. ft.	5,000	50

INTIMATIONS

THE INAUGURATION DINNER

of the

BRITISH LION.

in Hongkong,
will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL
on
THURSDAY, 4th AUGUST, 1921, at 8 P.M.
Morning Dress will be worn. [1235]

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL, Pedder Street, Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF JULY, 1921, at Noon, for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, approving the draft new Memorandum of Association of the Company which will be submitted to the Meeting. A print of such draft new Memorandum of Association of the Company may be seen at the Company's Registered Office in the Hongkong Hotel, Pedder Street aforesaid, and a comparison of the print of the existing Memorandum of Association with the print of the draft new Memorandum of Association will show wherein the draft new Memorandum of Association differs from the existing Memorandum of Association. Should the Meeting approve of such new Memorandum of Association with or without modification, the submitted Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution, namely—

(1) That the provisions of the Company's Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects be altered so as to read as shown in the print signed for the purpose of identification by the Chairman of this Meeting

and also for the following further purposes namely—

For the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, approving the draft new Articles of the Company which will be submitted to the Meeting. A print of such new Articles and a print of the existing Articles may be seen at the Company's Registered Office in the Hongkong Hotel, Pedder Street aforesaid. In such print the portions of the proposed new Articles which differ from the existing Articles are indicated by underlining in black ink and by marginal notes. Should the Meeting approve of such new Articles with or without modification, the submitted Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution, namely—

(2) That the new Articles already approved by this Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof, be and the same are hereby adopted, the Articles of the Company to the exclusion of and in substitution for all the existing Articles thereof.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the said SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL, Pedder Street aforesaid, on SATURDAY, the THIRTEENTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1921, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the above mentioned Meeting and of confirming, if thought fit, as Special Resolutions, the above mentioned Resolutions (Nos. 1 and 2).

Should the first of the above Resolutions (No. 1) be confirmed as a Special Resolution by the requisite majority, the alterations in the Company's Memorandum of Association consequently involved will be submitted to the Supreme Court of Hongkong for confirmation.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the said SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING to be held as aforesaid will be continued for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, passing the following further Resolutions as Extraordinary Resolutions, namely—

(3) That each of the existing 20,000 fully paid up shares of \$50 each constituting the Company's present Capital of \$1,000,000 be divided into 5 fully paid up shares of \$10 each so as to make such Capital \$1,000,000 consisting of 100,000 fully paid up shares of \$10 each.

(4) That after the division aforesaid, the Capital of the Company be increased, from \$1,000,000 consisting as aforesaid, to \$2,500,000 divided into 250,000 shares of \$10 each by the creation of 150,000 new shares of \$10 each—such new shares (subject as hereinafter mentioned) to be issued at such time or times and on such terms and conditions in every respect as the Company's Board of Directors may think fit.

(5) That it is desirable to capitalise the sum of \$1,000,000 being part of the undivided profits of the Company standing to the credit of the General Reserve, and accordingly that for the purpose of effecting such capitalisation such sum of \$1,000,000 be distributed as bonus among the shareholders of the Company in proportion to the shares in the Company's present Capital of \$1,000,000 held by them respectively on the date hereinafter referred to, and that a bonus be declared accordingly. And further that the Company's Board of Directors be and they are hereby authorised to satisfy such bonus as far as possible by the distribution in manner aforesaid of 100,000 shares of \$10 each, credited as fully paid up among the persons who are registered as the holders of the shares constituting the Company's present Capital of \$1,000,000 on such date as the Company's Board of Directors shall decide—such last mentioned shares to rank pari passu with the shares constituting the Company's present Capital of \$1,000,000 in respect of all profits of the Company earned since the 31st December 1920, and such distribution to be in satisfaction of the aforesaid bonus.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that a THIRD EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL, Pedder Street, aforesaid on WEDNESDAY, the THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, 1921, AT NOON, for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the above mentioned Meeting in so far as regards Resolutions Nos. 3, 4 and 5 above and of confirming, if thought fit, such last mentioned Resolutions as Special Resolutions.

Dated this Fourteenth day of July, 1921.

By Order of the Board,
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager. [1192]

INTIMATIONS

UNIVERSITY OF HONGKONG.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of LECTURER IN HYGIENE. Full particulars may be obtained on application to the Dean of the Medical Faculty.
N. TEESDALE MACKINTOSH,
Registrar. [1214]

NOTICE.

LYSON CO

OWING to the death of Mr. CHU CHUN YAT, Chief Manager of the above Firm, the only persons now authorised to Sign for the Firm are—
Mr. TAM CHUK NAM... Sub-manager.
Mr. SIU KAM... Secretary.

whose joint Signatures are necessary to all Documents or Transactions executed for and on behalf of the Firm. [1221]

THE HONGKONG SOCIETY FOR THE

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO

ANIMALS.

Patrons.

H.E. THE GOVERNOR, SIR R. E. STUBBS
K.C.M.G. AND LAN SUY.
President, Mr. JUSTICE GOMPERTZ.
Hon. Treasurer, J. H. RAMSAY.
Hon. Secretary, E. L. FROST.

THE objects of the Society are—

1. The education of the people by propaganda etc., in the knowledge of the proper treatment of Dumb Animals.

2. The appointment of a paid inspector to supervise the work.

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

RUBBER INVENTION.

SIR HENRY WICKHAM'S MACHINE.

LONDON, July 22nd.

In the presence of many experts, a demonstration was given in London of the capabilities of a machine invented by Sir Henry Wickham, which, it is claimed, transforms latex into hard-cured rubber in a few minutes at a fraction of the cost of the present methods.

DAVIS CUP.

CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVES.

TORONTO, July 22nd.

Bennet Holmes, of Winnipeg; La Frambois, of Montreal, and Milne, of Vancouver, will represent Canada against Australia in the first round of the Davis Cup on July 23rd.

FORDNEY TARIFF BILL
GOES TO THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, July 22nd.

The House of Representatives has passed the Fordney Tariff Bill, which now goes to the Senate with a multitude of amendments. It is expected to return to the House of Representatives much changed.

EARLIER CABLES.

DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

"LIFE AND DEATH TO AUSTRALIA."

LONDON, July 21st.

Mr. Hughes, as a guest at an American luncheon at the Savoy Hotel, welcomed President Harding's invitation to a disarmament conference, and said that the question of the Pacific was one of life and death to Australia, who had common interests with America. The Washington conference was reached regarding the Pacific. Great Britain also had overwhelmingly vital interests in the Pacific, and Australia stood shoulder to shoulder with Great Britain. Unless America and Japan ceased naval rivalry, Great Britain would be compelled to build ships to maintain her position and interests in the Pacific.

It must not be forgotten that, in order to settle the Pacific problem, the interests of Japan as well as their settlement must be considered, and unless a settlement satisfactory to Japan, America, and Great Britain were effected, there could not be any hope of a successful Washington conference.

Sir Joseph Ward said that New Zealand was with Australia in this matter.

CONVERSATIONS BETWEEN U.S. AND JAPAN.

WASHINGTON, July 22nd.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Hughes, has re-discussed the disarmament conference with Baron Shidehara (the Japanese Ambassador). It is believed that the conversations are preliminary to formal explanations of America's attitude in regard to the agenda of the conference, on the position in the Pacific, and regarding the Far East generally.

RUSSIA "RESENTS" NON-INVITATION.

LONDON, July 21st.

The Daily Telegraph says that Chicherin has notified the Powers in the sense of resenting that Soviet Russia is not invited to the Pacific conference at Washington; therefore, any decisions will be regarded as null and void. Chicherin says that the prospect of disarmament would fill him with joy, if only he could participate therein. Failing the Soviet's co-operation, there would be no guarantee of peace in the Pacific. Russia's non-representation will add to the danger of future conflicts.

GRÆCO-TURKISH CONFLICT
MORE CONTRADICTIONARY REPORTS.

ATHENS, July 22nd.

Military circles think that the capture of Eskişehir practically ends the war against the Kemalists. It is reported that the Greeks have captured immense booty, including 180 guns and a thousand prisoners. The Kemalists are fleeing in disorder, and are being pursued.

On the other hand, a Constantinople message states that the Chief of the Kemalist General Staff declares that the loss of territory and fortresses is of secondary importance, and that the army has retired to pre-arranged positions without serious fighting. He is confident of the outcome of the struggle.

PROBLEM OF UPPER SILESIA.

CRITICAL POSITION OF WIRTH CABINET.

BERLIN, July 21st.

In a semi-official statement in regard to Upper Silesia, it is declared that the Wirth Government is in a very critical position, largely owing to the Entente continuing the sanctions.

A PARIS VIEW.

PARIS, July 21st.

The Temps says that Great Britain is anxious for a speedy conference because this is necessary to save the Wirth Cabinet, which Great Britain believes would check any German rising in Upper Silesia. The Temps declares this to be an illusion.

U.S. AND AFGHANISTAN.

ENVOY'S VISIT TO WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 21st.

Mr. Hughes received Mahomed Wali Khan, the Afghan envoy, who is visiting America for a series of conferences with the State Department, but the Department does not countenance the meeting as extending or forestalling American recognition of Afghanistan.

IRISH PEACE CONFERENCE.

MR. DE VALERA TO CONSULT HIS COLLEAGUES.

LONDON, July 21st.

A communiqué states that Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. de Valera conferred for an hour to-day. The basis of a formal conference has not yet been found.

Mr. de Valera has arranged to return to Ireland to-morrow, and will communicate with Mr. Lloyd George again, after further discussion with his colleagues.

OPTIMISM IN THE AIR.

LONDON, July 22nd.

While some quarters in Dublin fear that a hitch has occurred in the Irish negotiations, in well-informed quarters generally there is still optimism. There is no disposition to consider that the negotiations have been broken off.

It is expected that Mr. de Valera will submit the whole case to Dail Eireann, which can modify, if advisable, the pledges entered into before Mr. de Valera's conversations with Mr. Lloyd George. Well-informed circles in London are confident that the Irish delegation will soon return to London.

TRUCE CONTINUES.

LATER.

In explanation of the Irish situation it is pointed out that the most hopeful sign is the continuance of the truce.

The Earl of Crewe, in the House of Lords last evening, optimistically declared that if the negotiations prove successful, and at present "I am glad to say they seem charged with hope," it is conceivable that an assembly of Parliament may be necessary in the autumn.

It is pointed out that Mr. de Valera and his colleagues were elected by Dail Eireann on a republican ticket, and therefore do not possess authority to abate the demand.

A prominent Irishman in London, last evening, declared, "We are no less optimistic to-day than we were two days ago."

BRITAIN'S NAVAL POLICY.

PREMIER'S CAUTIOUS ATTITUDE.

LONDON, July 21st.

In the House of Commons, Captain Wedgwood-Benn asked whether the contracts for four new capital ships would be suspended pending the Washington disarmament conference.

Mr. Lloyd George replied that the British Government, in replacing obsolete ships, did not contemplate a building programme in reply to those of other Powers. As the result of frank and candid discussion with the principal naval Powers, it might be possible to avoid anything in the nature of competitive building, but it would be a dereliction of duty on the part of the Admiralty to allow the efficiency, training and morale of the navy to deteriorate from neglect to provide it with the best material.

"It is also imperative," said the Premier, "to avoid irrevocable loss of time and building facilities which might make it impossible to maintain our sea security if it were threatened. These are the reasons which make it essential for the Government to proceed with its policy of replacing obsolete capital ships, and this necessity is not affected by the possible success or failure of the Washington conference."

BISLEY SURPRISE.

KING'S PRIZE WINNER.

LONDON, July 21st.

Armourer Sergeant J. Cunningham won the King's Prize. He is a Newcastle man.

LATER.

The Kolapore Cup was won by the Motherland with a score of 1,083; Canada was second with 1,014.

HIS LAST SHOT.

LONDON, July 21st.

The final of the King's Prize produced one of the finest contests ever seen, Cunningham winning with his last shot. The well-known Scottish marksman, Capt. W. Gray, was second, one point below the winner, while a Canadian was third. The King telegraphed congratulations to Cunningham, who is a sexagenarian Northumbrian publican and a non-smoker. This is the ninth time he has competed for the King's Prize.

TENNIS IN U.S.

AMERICAN DEFEATS SHIMIDZU.

LONDON, July 22nd.

A telegram from New York says that, in the Rhode Island championship, Howard Voshell, in the fourth round, defeated Shimidzu by two sets to nil, breaking up the baseline play of the Japanese with vigorous net attacks. On the previous Sunday, Voshell beat Shimidzu by 3 sets to 2.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.

ALLEGED PLOT AGAINST ACCUSED.

SPRINGFIELD (ILL.), July 21st.

The Governor, Mr. Small, the Lieut.-Governor, Mr. Sterling, and Mr. Vernon Curtis, a banker, have been indicted on a charge of embezzling public funds amounting to \$3,200,000.

The Governor, Mr. Small, has issued a statement, proclaiming his innocence and asserting that his enemies are trying to assassinate him politically.

ALLEGED RUSSIAN MOBILISATION.

REPORT CONTRADICTED.

LONDON, July 21st.

The Estonian Legation in London is officially informed that the report of a Russian mobilisation cable on the 17th inst. is unfounded.

[The previous cable, based upon a semi-official message from Helsinki, intimated that the Russian Government was mobilising either against the border provinces or on behalf of the Kemalists against the Greeks.]

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE JAPANESE EXODUS.

ARREST OF AMERICAN UNION LEADER.

MODESTO (CAL.), July 22nd.

Mr. Shea, President of the local Fruit and Vegetable Workers' Union, has been arrested and charged with kidnapping, in connection with the deportation of the Japanese workers. Yesterday, virtually all the Japanese returned to places from where they had been sent away.

MOLIERE TERCENTENARY.

DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN AS GUEST OF FRENCH ACADEMY.

PARIS, July 21st.

Dr. Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, was present at a meeting of the French Academy when M. de Regnier, Director of the Academy, in a speech of welcome paid a tribute to American M. de Regnier spoke of Franco-American friendship and profound intellectual sympathy.

Dr. Butler, in returning thanks, invited the Academy to send a representative to America in January, in connection with the third centenary of the birth of Moliere, and the Academy accepted.

AUSTRALIANS V. YORKSHIRE.

VERY KEEN PLAY.

LONDON, July 21st.

In sunny weather, on a good wicket before sixteen thousand people, Yorkshire were dismissed for 125 (Holmes 55, Burton 31). Gregory took three wickets for 42 and McDonald three for 31. In their second innings, the Australians scored 138 for 7 (Macartney 33). The Australian batting was most cautious, scoring being difficult owing to the very keen fielding.

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.

LONDON, July 21st.

At Maidstone, Kent beat Gloucestershire by 10 wickets.

At Worcester, Hampshire beat Worcestershire by 10 wickets.

JAPAN AND GERMAN INDUSTRIAL RIGHTS.

A PARTIAL RETURN TO ORIGINAL OWNERS.

The Tokyo Foreign Office announces that the Japanese Government has decided to give the German Government a notification immediately to the effect that part of the industrial rights owned by the enemy subjects but seized and utilized by Japan on account of the world war will be returned to their original owners.

The Japanese Government has seized on all industrial rights owned by enemy subjects for the purpose of utilizing them. The new decision arrived at by the Japanese Government is that only those rights which are found necessary to be retained for the purpose of national defence, industries or commerce in hand of the Government or private institutions or individuals are to be retained, the rest being all released from the war seizure.

The rights thus released will be returned to their original owners. The owners of those rights which are retained by Japan will also be given compensation, the rate of which is to be fixed by the Government.

GERMAN INTERESTS IN CHINA.

[ASIATIC NEWS AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 13th.

The Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce has wired to all the provinces concerning German trade marks in China. The Government says that, as a new commercial agreement has been signed and ratified by Germany and China, German merchants are permitted to again register their trade marks with the Chinese Customs and Revenue stations, and that they will be protected as previously.

The Chief Custodian of Special Properties has wired to all the provinces stating that as the new Sino-German commercial agreement has been ratified by Peking and Berlin and it has been formally exchanged between the two contracting Powers, it is necessary for the Custodians to restore the German properties in their possession to their proper owners. The Government has also telegraphed to the civil and military authorities throughout the country to the effect that owing to the enforcement of the new Sino-German commercial treaty, the entry of German subjects into the Republic for commerce or residence have been cancelled.

THEATRICAL SLUMP IN LONDON.

A Pioneer special cable, dated London June 6th, states:—The theatrical slump in London is evidenced by the fact that eight plays have been withdrawn in one week. The slump is partly due to the difficulty of transport killing hours and causing unprecedented distractions in the profession. At a meeting of professionals in London to consider the situation, one speaker said he knew many smartly dressed actresses so impoverished as almost to be unable to pay for a cup of milk. It was impossible to turn temporarily to film acting owing to competition from wealthy amateurs. Another speaker said that owing to the fortunate disappearance of prejudice against the stage she was able to find work for some actresses as dressmakers, upholsterers, cooks and housekeepers.

MUNICIPAL SALARIES AT SHANGHAI.

THE COUNCIL'S PROPOSALS.

In the current issue of the Municipal Gazette of Shanghai appears the following report on this subject:—

Since the last Ratepayers' meeting the Council has found itself obliged to give very careful consideration to the question of Municipal salaries.

It will be recalled that shortly prior to that meeting and subsequent to compilation of the Budget, the recommendations of the Salaries Commission were received and were at once laid before the Ratepayers. Those recommendations, arrived at as a result of several months careful consideration of the matter, embodied the view of the Salaries Commission, that while as a whole the salaries of the staff were not inadequate, there was undoubtedly necessity for revision of pay in certain directions, especially in the case of the lower grade employees. The Salaries Commission accordingly made recommendations as to the basis of pay in respect of all employees in the public service, which they recommended for adoption as from January 1st of this year and their Report was issued to the Ratepayers on April 8th of this year. Since, however, the Budget had already been drawn up, and was published, prior to receipt of the Salaries Commission's recommendations, in order to give effect to them, the Council was obliged to propose an amendment to the Budget, and since the extra taxation involved could only be collected from July 1st, it was proposed to increase the rates by 2 per cent. and the land tax in proportion, to provide the amount estimated to be required.

These proposals found no favour with the Ratepayers, who declined to sanction the proposed amendments to the Budget. As a result, the Council has found itself in a position of peculiar difficulty, since for many months it had declined to sanction, undoubtedly reasonable increases in pay upon the plea that the Salaries Commission were then sitting; at the same time, in many cases, it was found necessary to promise that, while engagements and renewals of engagements would have to be at the old rates temporarily, an adjustment would be made later if the Salaries Commission should so recommend.

The Salaries Commission is a large Commission consisting of 9 ratepayers, not members of Council, and selected as being sound, solid, business men in the community, appointed specially to find a solution to this vexed question of pay, and they have given very great care and consideration to the intricate problems involved. Many of them are large employers of labour themselves, and it is not to be supposed that, of their own accord, they would propose to tax themselves unduly or to place an unnecessary burden upon the community.

The Council considers that it would be a step fraught with the gravest possible consequences to ignore the recommendations of the Salaries Commission. In fact, it becomes more and more plain to the Council that if they are to remain responsible to the Ratepayers for the proper and efficient administration of this Settlement, the staff must be sufficiently remunerated or abuses may creep in, the best men will go, and those who replace them will not be worthy of that degree of confidence which should be reposed in the public service.

One of the most ominous symptoms of the profound state of dissatisfaction of certain grades of employees was threatened strike action in 1918. This was immediately dealt with in a disciplinary manner, but the cause of dissatisfaction remains, in that certain rates of pay are admittedly inadequate, while it has been verified from irrefutable evidence that the pay of many grades is too low, having regard to local conditions, to form a suitable living wage.

These are some of the difficulties that in a large service such as that under consideration, the wastage is great. Owing to deaths, resignations and dismissals, new engagements have constantly to be made, and it is found that efficient new employees to carry on the essential work of the Council, cannot be obtained at the ruling rates of pay.

During the past year the Council has been obliged to deal with an ever increasing list of resignations, due to the fact that the employees in question have elsewhere but a more serious factor in the case is the profound state of dissatisfaction that exists in certain grades, with the prospects of further resignations as agreements expire, and the concomitant circumstances that replacement by suitable men at present rates cannot be effected. In the rank of Inspector in the Health Department alone there are six vacancies which cannot be filled, and while for the present, by the strenuous over-work of the existing staff, the duties of the Department are being performed, work cannot continue on this basis without detriment to the efficiency of the Department; and the possibility of serious epidemic in the forms which have visited us in the past, causes us considerable misgiving. In the Police Force also, where integrity and good character are essential qualifications, the Council cannot obtain suitable recruits, while upon one pretext or other men leave the service in ever increasing numbers.

It appears indeed to be a fact, both as the Council has been to recognise it, that while men without experience or whose services have proved unsatisfactory are plentiful enough, there is at the present time throughout the world a most inconvenient shortage of experienced capable men. It is thus found that, in many cases, in order to obtain the service of an employee of the stamp required, the rate of salary offered has to be increased, and there thus exists the anomaly that new employees, unfamiliar to a large extent with their work, in some cases receive pay at a higher rate than their seniors. It is obvious that such anomalies must be rectified or the services of the older experienced men cannot be retained.

The Council is determined to do every thing in its power to maintain that standard of efficiency which has heretofore been a characteristic of the public service, and it has therefore proceeded

afresh to give careful consideration to the recommendations of the Salaries Commission. It is found, upon close examination, that those, after re-counting the minor benefits granted to employees, most of which refer to that occasional relief from expenditure involved by hospital attendance, medicines, travel, passage money at intervals of five years, and differential allowances, which necessarily come but once in a lifetime, conclude with recommending revised scales of salaries.

These revised scales are found to comprise, in most cases, the division of the pay applicable to each post into a minimum rate, plus a housing allowance in order to make a differential calculation according to the single or married condition, thus giving the total pay for the post.

The Council, having in mind the urgent necessity for economy, has decided that these revised scales should be adopted, but pared down to the extent of adoption of the single housing allowance for all instead of the married housing allowance.

The term housing allowance is, however, a source of general misconception, since it is not really proposed to grant housing allowances at all, unless in exceptional circumstances; this term in the Salaries Commission recommendation refers merely to the above indicated division of actual "pay" into what shall be considered pay proper and what proportion shall be considered rental.

Working out the calculations on these lines it appears that the pay of each member of the staff, except in the case of the lower paid employees, is approximately the pay now drawn. There are, however, exceptions particularly in the ranks of the higher paid outdoor staff.

The total increase on the Budget figures involved by the Salaries Commission's recommendations, as modified by the adoption of the single housing allowance and calculated from July 1st of this year amounts to Tls. 73,300 which includes the recommended provision for children's allowance of Tls. 15 per child, but up to two only, instead of three, while in the case of the Band, the figure is \$10 in view of the fact that Bandmen receive a proportion of all monies received in respect of private engagements, and are allowed to give private music lessons.

These figures are those which will be borne by the general revenue of the Municipality and do not include those of the Electricity Department, which amount to about Tls. 4,000 more; the latter will, of course, come out of the Electricity Department's profits.

Of the figure of cost given, the general effect is as follows:—

Employees in receipt of Tls. 300 or less 67,500
Employees in receipt of Tls. 300 to Tls. 400 5,500
Employees in receipt of over Tls. 400 2,300
Tls. 75,300

The Council would gladly adopt the suggestion that no person drawing over, say, Tls. 300 should have any increase in pay, but for the reasons above outlined and for the further reason that any figure of limiting scales of pay, so as to make them quite unworkable, such has been demonstrated to be impracticable. For instance, for considerations of discipline and for other reasons which are self-evident, it is necessary that the pay of a 1st Class Police Sergeant should not be above that of a Sub-Inspector, while the latter, whatever may be his seniority, should not draw more pay than an Inspector. For the reasons given, therefore, and to rectify anomalies, the pay of all employees should be dealt with at one and the same time but it may be noted that no increase whatever accrues to any Head of Department or to the Principals of any of the Schools. The Council considers that the revision which it now proposes is absolutely necessary, and should have effect from July 1st, instead of as from January 1st, as the Salaries Commission recommended.

Proceeding then with examination of the Budget, it is found that where economies might be effected, it has been found that by savings already made by judicious economy in certain directions, and by postponing certain expenditure which may with safety be delayed, it will be possible to make a saving of approximately Tls. 23,620.

Denial now with the remaining recommendations of the Salaries Commission, the Council adopts such parts thereof as it is convinced are essential to the maintenance of that high standard which has heretofore, and it is hoped, will in future, characterize the Public Service.

Taking the recommendations seriatim:—

1.—The Council adopts the recommendation that the service generally should be sufficiently attractive, as compared with Home conditions, to enable the Council, from time to time, to obtain, as required, new employees of the necessary character, good health, constitution and qualifications, for the different departments and grades of service, and to retain these employees in the service having regard to the remuneration, conditions of service and prospects in other local services, commercial or industrial.

2.—(a) The Council adopts the recommendation that the senior positions in the Service should be filled by men of a high degree of competency and the standard of remuneration must be sufficient to be attractive to men of this stamp.

(b) The Council adopts the recommendation and asseverates the existing principle that the Head of the Secretariat is the Chief Executive Officer in the Council's service.

(c) The Council adopts the recommendation that for senior posts, while a minimum rate of pay may be decided upon, a wide latitude should be left in arriving at the maximum, to permit of dealing with each case in accordance with considerations of merit and expediency, and in this connection that, generally speaking, the present remuneration of the Heads of Departments does not compare unfavourably with positions of similar responsibility elsewhere.

3.—The Council adopts the recommendation that the standard of living to which a Municipal employee should conform should be that to which other men of similar education, age and position in other concerns in Shanghai can reasonably adopt.

4.—The Council adopts the recommendation that for positions of equal or similar work and responsibility, demanding equal or similar qualifications, there should be no differentiation in salaries between the Electricity Department and any other Department.

5.—The Council adopts the recommendation that no differentiation in salary be recognized as between married and unmarried employees, the principle underlying the paying of salaries being, remuneration for work done, having regard to relative position and responsibility. With respect, however, to children, the recommendation of the Commission is adopted that a uniform allowance of Tls. 15 per child per month be granted, subject to the condition, however, that there be no differentiation of age, in the case of boys, girls 17 and over, and in the case of two children only, with no differentiation in the case of the Band members before stated.

6.—The Council negatives the payment of salary on any basis other than that of local currency.

7.—The Council negatives any general scheme for housing allowances.

8.—Medical attendance, hospital expenses and medicines ordered by doctors and as set out in the Salaries Commission's Report, will be as heretofore.

9.—Dental attendance will not be granted.

10.—Long Leave. The Commission's recommendation as to eight months leave instead of seven months is adopted as from January 1st next year, but the recommendation that every succeeding leave after the first shall be due five years from the commencement of the previous leave is not approved, as a general proposition, although in the case of senior appointments such may be granted.

11.—Passages. No change will be made in existing arrangements, and the first outward passage of the wives of married men engaged abroad will not be paid by the Council. The recommendation that the number of children whose passages be paid shall be raised to 3 is not adopted, while the age limit in the case of girls is cut down to 17.

12.—The recommendation that free education for the children of Municipal employees be not granted is adopted.

13.—Retirement and Superannuation will necessarily be dealt with hereafter.

14.—Miscellaneous.

Language Allowance will obtain as heretofore, generally speaking it is only drawn by the Outdoor Staff. The study of Chinese is compulsory for employees in the Police Force and the Health Department, the standards of knowledge are three, the Temporary Standard, the Lower Standard and the Higher Standard, and the allowance in respect of each standard is Tls. 5, Tls. 12, and Tls. 24 respectively. Half yearly examinations are held by an Examining Board, and discontinuance or reduction of language allowances follows upon failure to maintain the requisite standards.

Fuel and Light Allowance will be discontinued as and when agreements expire.

Housing for Lady Teachers.—Every assistance will be given in arranging accommodation.

Increases in Salaries will be dealt with in future, in accordance with the dictates of expediency.

Disability Allowances, which it is hoped will be as rare in the future as they have been in the past, will be dealt with as and when occasion arises in accordance with previous practice.

Scales of Salaries.—The co-ordinated scales generally speaking modified as hereinbefore stated, are approved with a view to placing existing salaries upon a satisfactory basis and removing such anomalies as now exist, in accordance with the recommendation to the Ratepayers heretofore contained.

No division, however, will be made of the existing salaries into

(1) Salary

(2) Housing allowance

since the principle of differential payment according to the single or married state has not been adopted.

The adjustment of pay which has been arrived at, after careful and laborious examination, will necessitate an increased expenditure of Tls. 75,300 for the current year, against which will be offset the economies of Tls. 23,620 proposed to be effected.

By these means the Council anticipates that it will be in a position to carry out the recommendations of the Salaries Commission, as above modified, and this course it is proposed to adopt.

This statement is, therefore, issued to the Ratepayers for their information, and the Council wishes to add that should there be evidence of sufficient desire on the part of the Ratepayers to attend a special meeting to discuss the matter further, the requisite steps will be taken accordingly. There are 1,815 Ratepayers, and if, therefore, on or before Tuesday, July 26th, fifty or more of them shall signify in writing to the Acting Secretary of Council their wish to discuss the matter, the Council will convene a special meeting of Ratepayers and will take no further action in this matter until the decision of the meeting is known.

In the alternative, the Council proposes to proceed immediately with the revision of salaries above outlined.

Capital, in my view, should be left alone.—Mr. T. Winfringham, M.P.

Capital for quite a time must make up its mind to go without any reward.—Mr. Henry Summers.

These revised scales are found to comprise, in most cases, the division of the pay applicable to each post into a minimum rate, plus a housing allowance in order to make a differential calculation according to the single or married condition, thus giving the total pay for the post.

The Council, having in mind the urgent necessity for economy, has decided that these revised scales should be adopted, but pared down to the extent of adoption of the single housing allowance for all instead of the married housing allowance.

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The total increase on the Budget figures involved by the Salaries Commission's recommendations, as modified by the adoption of the single housing allowance and calculated from July 1st of this year amounts to Tls. 73,300 which includes the recommended provision for children's allowance of Tls. 15 per child, but up to two only, instead of three, while in the case of the Band, the figure is \$10 in view of the fact that Bandmen receive a proportion of all monies received in respect of private engagements, and are allowed to give private music lessons.

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Commence at once to help your hair to health and beauty. Your hair can regrow its hair in abundant beauty, and women of more mature years regain all the lost lustre and health, whether it be thinning, falling, or balding.

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From the wonderful secret of "Harlene" for yourself without cost. The Gift referred to above will be sent you immediately you post the coupon below.

After a Free Trial you will be able to obtain supplies of "Harlene" and "Cremor" Shampoo from all leading hairdresses and drug stores in all parts of India.

Any or all of the preparations will be sent on receipt of a name and address for postage direct from Edwards' Harlene, Limited, 25, 26 and 27, Leadenhall Street, London, W.C. 2, England. Carriage extra on foreign orders. Cheques and P.O.'s should be crossed.

Fill in and post to Edwards' Harlene, Limited, 25, 26 and 27, Leadenhall Street, London, W.C. 2, England. Dear Sir,—Please send me your Free "Harlene" Hair-Drill Outfit (as described above). I enclose 3 stamps for postage to any part of the world. (Foreign stamps accepted.)

NOTE TO READERS: Write your full name and address clearly on a plain piece of paper; pin this coupon to it, and post as directed above.

Hongkong Daily Press.

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"It yields a delicious beverage containing ALL the constituents able to support Life."—Lancet.

MARRIAGE LAW REFORM. DECEASED BROTHER'S WIDOW.

In the House of Commons, on June 10th, the "Deceased Wife's Sister Marriage Law Act (1907) Amendment Bill" was considered on report. The object of the bill is to remove the anomaly in the present law, which prohibits marriage with a deceased brother's widow, although marriage with a deceased wife's sister is legal.

Lord H. Cecil (Ind., Oxford University) moved the following new clause:—Nothing in this Act shall give to any right (a) to have his marriage solemnized in church according to the form prescribed in the Book of Common Prayer, or (b) to receive Holy Communion according to the use of the Church of England, which he would not have had if this Act had not passed.

The object, he said, was to prevent a state of things which was very distasteful to the Church of England, and, he supposed, to many members of the House, namely, the regulations by Parliament of matters which were strictly of a religious character.

Sir J. Baird (Under-Secretary, Home Office), resisting the new clause, said that as he understood it the idea of the bill was to put the man who married his deceased brother's widow exactly on the same footing as that on which the Act of 1907 put the man who married his deceased wife's sister. Lord H. Cecil, however, by his new clause would introduce a considerable difference. The parties to the marriage would not be in the same position in relation to the Church as were the parties under the Act of 1907. This was not a Government measure, but, speaking for himself, he could not accept the noble lord's proposal.

Sir J. Greig pointed out that in the Act of 1907 there was a specific clause which absolved any clergyman from censure if he refused to officiate at a man's marriage with his deceased wife's sister, but made it clear that persons who contracted such marriages were entitled to contract them as legal marriages, and in a well-known case it was decided that a clergyman could not debar from Communion such persons on the ground that they were "notorious evil livers" in the terms of the rubric. The new bill was to put the brother's widow marrying the brother on the same footing exactly, but this proposed clause would subject them to the charge, if they came to Communion, that they were "notorious evil livers."

QUESTION OF CHARITY.
Capt. Bowyer said there was such a lack of charity—(cheers)—and such an implication in the amendment that he appealed to Lord H. Cecil to withdraw it, or to say frankly whether it was his view that persons who took advantage of the Act should not enjoy the rites of the church.

Mr. A. Williams supported the amendment on the ground that the civil power had no right to interfere with religious matters. The House of Commons would not dictate to the Roman Catholic Church or to the Non-conformist Churches as to whether they were to admit to their ordinances people who contracted marriages contrary to the tenets of the Church.

Mr. R. McNeill opposed the amendment on the ground that it would interfere with the legitimate liberty of the clergy. Under the Act of 1907 a clergyman was given the right to say whether he would or would not perform the marriage ceremony in the case of marriage with a deceased wife's sister. By the present amendment some Church body might pass a definite rule enjoining all the clergy not to admit to the Sacrament anyone married under the present bill. That would be an objectionable interference with the liberty of the clergy.

Lord H. Cecil said that the principle of the amendment was that Parliament should not make any change in the marriage service or in the administration of Holy Communion, but that that should be left to the Church authorities.

Capt. Bowyer: Is it not the duty of this House to protect citizens from having an imputation put upon them?

Lord H. Cecil: No imputation can be made which cannot be made now. He did not seek, he continued, to determine whether a man who married under the bill was fit or not for Holy Communion. That was for the bishops to determine. Either these marriages were right or wrong. He thought them wrong, and he thought those who married would find they were wrong in the judgment of Almighty God. The matter of the administration of Holy Communion should be left to the decision of the bishop of the diocese. Of all bodies in this world the House of Commons was the least entitled to administer ecclesiastical discipline. Could anything be more irreverent and scandalous than for the House of Commons to decide who should come to the Holy Communion table? The principle was that Church matters should be decided by the Church. Why should the House shrink from the application of that principle to this particular case? All he asked was that Parliament should not intervene; that Parliament should say this is a matter for the Church to decide. The Church taught that these marriages were wrong, and for Parliament to compel the ministers of the Church to solemnize those marriages before the altar of God was a gross indecency. It might be a mistaken teaching, but it was the teaching of the Church. This was the very issue upon which Henry VIII sought to divorce one of his wives, that he ought not to have been allowed to marry his brother's widow. All the universities of Europe were consulted, and all said he ought not to have married his brother's widow and that the dispensation of the Pope was invalid.

Sir J. D. Rees supported the amendment, which did not prevent people from being legally married. If they were refused the Communion by one clerk in Holy Orders they could receive it from another.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

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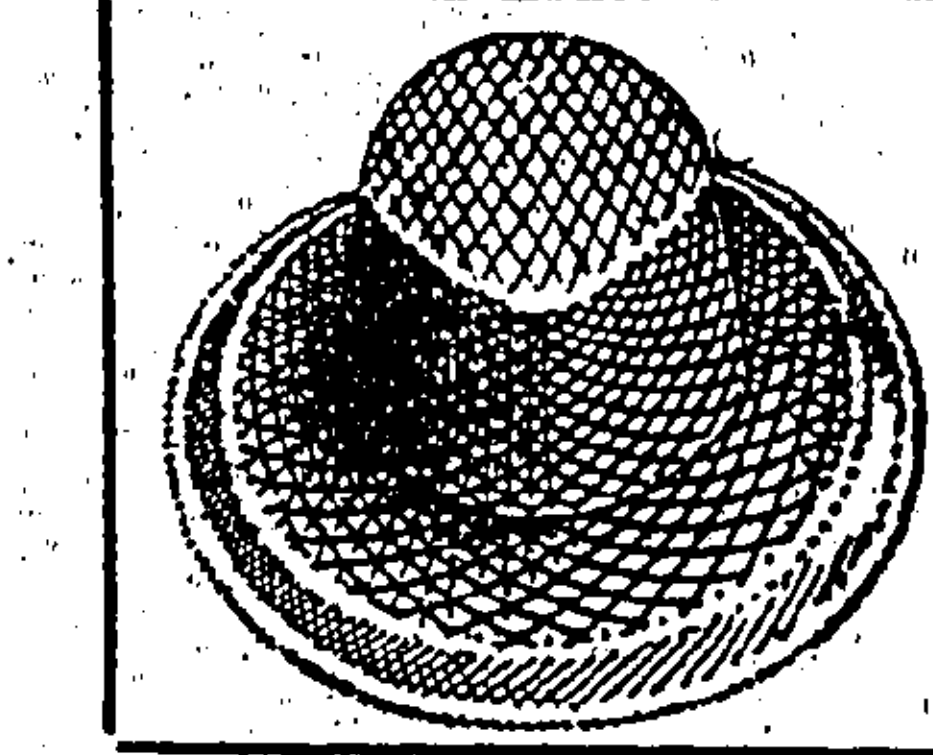
another whose conscience was less tender. He did not think there was much good in references to the Statutes of Henry VIII.—although he was an expert in marriage. (Laughter.)

Lieut. Colonel Hurst contended that any pressure which dealt with marriages and the treatment that people who contracted legal marriages were to receive was not only an ecclesiastical question but a social and constitutional question. (Hear, hear.)

The proposed new clause was negatived.

Sir J. Baird moved a new clause regularising marriage with a deceased brother's widow which had taken place since 1907. He explained that such marriages would be regarded as legal unless the man had subsequently contracted a legal marriage, finding that the marriage with the brother's widow was invalid.

Mr. B. Denniss asked what would be the position of children born during the marriage of a man with his deceased brother's widow, which marriage had been put an end to by a second marriage.



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HAKODATE MARU ... Thursday, 4th Aug.

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No. 37, Bonham Street, West,
Tel. No. 155.M. KOBAYASHI,
Agent,
Top Floor, King's Building,
Tel. No. 140.**THE PLOTTING GROUND OF
EUROPE.**ESPIONAGE, BURGLARY IN
ZURICH.HOW A VATICAN SPY WAS
DETECTED.

[BY THE "OBSERVER'S" CORRESPONDENT.]

Some day, when the complex and unedifying backstairs history of the war is written, Switzerland will probably figure therein as the plotting ground of Europe. To do her justice, I do not think she would have chosen to be so; but she was not asked. Episodes of this backstairs war history are constantly coming to light. Thus in February, 1917, in the night of Shrove Tuesday, the Austro-Hungarian Consulate in Zurich was broken into, the safe forced, and valuable military and naval documents abstracted, besides 1,000 gold coins, 35,000 francs in bank notes, and jewellery worth more than a thousand francs.

The Consulate was situated in one of the main thoroughfares of Zurich; and as it was carefully locked it is a mystery how the burglary could have been carried out. It is stated, however, that when the Swiss police authorities were investigating the matter the Austro-Hungarian officials were singularly reticent—in fact, showed stubborn passive resistance to all inquiries. Nothing more, therefore, was heard of the burglary until a few days ago, when a certain Italian subject named Natale Panini brought an action against the Italian Government and Baron Aloisi, asking for half a million lire as a reward for his having broken into the Austro-Hungarian Consulate in Zurich.

A HUNGARIAN'S FEE.
Panini declares that Baron Aloisi, who is an Italian naval officer, and another high personage, apparently too august to name, acting on behalf of the Italian Government, hired him for the breaking and entering of the Austro-Hungarian Consulate in Zurich, promising him as a reward all the money, bank-notes, and other valuables (except documents) which might be found in the safe. Panini was known as an expert burglar and also as a dare-devil character. He declares that the Italian espionage department appealed to him to exercise his skill for patriotic motives; but these did not sufficiently attract him, and it was not until he was promised all the cash, notes, etc., which might be contained in the case that he agreed to embark upon what he clearly considered a perilous adventure.

Again, according to Panini, he had to spend several days in Zurich examining the Austro-Hungarian building, taking impressions of the locks, and having keys made from those impressions, while the actual burglary took him nearly six hours, from before ten at night till three the next morning. He also asserts that, although two Italian naval officers helped him to carry away the four bags which were filled with the contents of the safe, all the work of forcing the safe and opening the Consulate doors fell upon him.

A first attempt in the night of February 20th-21st, 1917, failed, because one of the keys did not fit, and the second attempt nearly failed, because in trying to force the safe Panini was almost suffocated by escaping and evidently poisonous gases.

After having succeeded in burgling the safe, Panini escaped with its contents to Milan, where he handed everything to Baron Aloisi and Commandante Cafiero. He received, he says, only 2,000 lire, and a promise that the money, jewellery, and bank-notes found in the safe, the documents, etc., would have been of great importance to Italy. Not only did they prove that the safe had been forced to blow up certain buildings there, but they also contained details about the sinking of the Italian battleship *Leonardo da Vinci*. They, moreover, revealed the fact that certain German prelates living at the Vatican were highly undesirable characters, and they enabled Italy to ward off certain serious attacks which the ecclesiastics were plotting to execute against her.

One of the prelates whose name was then revealed by these documents was a German, Monsignore von Gerlach, primate chamberlain to Pope Benedict XV. He was apparently asked to leave both the Vatican and Italy.

Von Gerlach, however, was, it seems, not the only German prelate who, from within the shelter of the Vatican walls, plotted dangerously against Italy and the Entente. He was preceded by the Papal House Prelate, Monsignore Baumgarten, who distinguished himself by excusing Germany's violation of Belgian neutrality by writing that on July 28th, 1914, France informed Switzerland that in case of a war the French Army would march into Germany by way of Basel. The French, he added, were obliged to abandon this intention; which, it is hardly necessary to say, was a monstrous invention.

THE FIGHT OF MONSIGNORS.

Monsignore Baumgarten finally had to leave Italy because so many espionage stories clustered around his name. His successor was Monsignore von Gerlach, who, as stated, also had to leave, and afterwards was condemned in *contumacia* by court-martial in Rome for espionage and high treason. Von Gerlach's successor was a Monsignore Dobig by name, a German naturalised as an Italian. Monsignore von Gerlach, when he had not been a German, might have walked out of Anatole France's "Amethyst Ring" settled in Switzerland, in the Engadine, after his expulsion from Italy. Here he became acquainted with a Dutch lady, and being confronted with the choice between marriage with her and continuing to wear his prelate's violet robe, he chose the former and doffed the latter.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

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H. G. LOWE,
Naval Stores Officer,
1st Dockyard, Hongkong, July 2nd, 1921. [1139]

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Edinburgh, Scotland, 27, Market Street, Glasgow, G.1.
Solely for the purpose of the Cuticura Soap and Ointment.
© 1921 Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

The Swiss Government has been placed
in an awkward position by these re-
velations. The money and jewels ab-
stracted from the Austro-Hungarian con-
sulate during this espionage burglary are
still in the hands of the Italian Govern-
ment, and the Swiss Government is
"requesting" their restoration to their
lawful owners, on the ground that they
are private property, and that acts of
war cannot be tolerated on neutral ter-
ritory. Their abstraction from the
Austro-Hungarian consulate in Zurich
comes distinctly within the category of
breaches of neutrality, as being an act
connected with the war committed by
one belligerent upon another.

Shortly before the armistice a trial
took place in Zurich in which the
German Consul-General and other
German officials were implicated, and
charged with having had explosive
bombs in their possession on neutral
Swiss territory, bombs which they in-
tended to have sent to Italy for blowing
up railway bridges and public buildings.
This plot is also connected with the es-
pionage burglary at the Austro-Hungar-
ian consulate.

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HAIPHONG & HOIHOW "LOKSANG" ... Tues, 26th July, 8 a.m.
BANGKOK via SWATOW "CHUNGSANG" ... Wed, 27th July, 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW "KWONGSANG" ... Wed, 27th July, Noon.
SANDAMAN "YANNIS" ... Wed, 27th July, 3 p.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA "LAISANG" ... Wed, 27th July, 3 p.m.
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M.V. "GLENARIFFE"	29th July	29th July

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Vessel	Leaves Hongkong	Discharges
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M.V. "GLENAMORY"	27th July	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	29th July	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	31st July	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	2nd Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	4th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	6th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	8th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	10th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	12th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	14th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	16th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
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M.V. "GLENAMORY"	20th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
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M.V. "GLENAMORY"	24th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	26th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	28th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	30th Aug.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	1st Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	3rd Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	5th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	7th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	9th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	11th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	13th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	15th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	17th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	19th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	21st Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	23rd Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	25th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	27th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	29th Sept.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	1st Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	3rd Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	5th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	7th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	9th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	11th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	13th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	15th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	17th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	19th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	21st Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	23rd Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	25th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	27th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	29th Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	31st Oct.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	2nd Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	4th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	6th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	8th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	10th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	12th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	14th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	16th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	18th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	20th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	22nd Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	24th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	26th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	28th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	30th Nov.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	1st Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	3rd Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	5th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	7th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	9th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	11th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	13th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	15th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	17th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	19th Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	21st Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.
M.V. "GLENAMORY"	23rd Dec.	Glasgow, London & HAMBURG.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

July 21st.
Wingchow, Chinese str., 313 tons, Capt. Kwok Shan, from Hoihow, with a general cargo.—Eastern Nav. Co.

July 22nd.
Chenau, British str., 1,355 tons, Capt. P. Purlew, from Canton, with a general cargo.—B. & S.
Fookie, Chinese str., 550 tons, Capt. B. Mynoka, from Chaoi, with a general cargo.—Yao Tai Hong.

Haiman, British str., 641 tons, Capt. C. E. Page, from Calcutta, with a general cargo.—Po Shua S.S. Co.
Kohyo Maru, Japanese str., 1,820 tons, Capt. M. Eguchi, from Milke, with coal.—M.R.K.

Kwaiyang, British str., 1,435 tons, Capt. L. McC. Hussey, from Calcutta and Straits, with a general cargo.—J.M. & Co.

Manila, British str., 8,303 tons, Capt. S. H. Maples, from Antwerp and London, with a general cargo.—M.M. & Co.

Providence, Norwegian str., 693 tons, Capt. Ulf, from Haiphong, with beans oil.—Kwong Mow Tai.

Sado Maru, Japanese str., 2,808 tons, Capt. T. Takahashi, from London, with a general cargo.—N.Y.K.

Shanghai, Chinese str., 297 tons, Capt. G. A. de Souza, from K. C. Wan, with a general cargo.—Po On S.S. Co.

Taisho Maru, Japanese str., 1,858 tons, Capt. S. Tanaka, from Canton, in ballast.—Suzuki & Co.

Taishun, Chinese str., 1,216 tons, Capt. J. Halkett, from Canton, with a general cargo.—C.M.S.N. Co.

Wheatland, American str., 5,432 tons, Capt. M. M. Jansen, from Seattle and Shanghai, with a general cargo.—Admiral Line.

CLEARANCES

July 22nd.
China, for Singapore.
Haitan, for Haiphong.
Kwanto Maru, for Fookchow.
Kwanah, for Tourane.
Longyang, for Manila.
Manila, for Shanghai.
Mohon, for Haiphong.
Providence, for Canton.
Sado Maru, for Shanghai.
Taisho Maru, for Keelung.

PASSENGERS

Per P. & O. s.s. *Manila*:—Capt. A. R. Nevill, Mr. A. S. Forsyth, Mr. and Mrs. Bennett, Eng.-Lt. G. Gambien, Lt.-Col. D. H. Clarke, Mr. C. Bierz, Lt. G. C. Ross, Mr. J. B. Barclay, Mr. J. W. Jenkins, Mr. Jenner, Mr. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Mill, Mr. L. C. Holden, Mr. W. Utting, Mr. S. D. Kemsley, Mr. C. O. Hancock, Mr. R. M. Howell, Mr. R. Patterson, Mr. C. W. Hall, Mr. G. E. Ellis, Mr. C. H. Neaves, Mr. H. G. Cole, Mr. C. E. May, Mr. L. D. Kennedy, Mr. O. J. Sluis, Mr. J. C. Corbett, Mr. W. T. Cromby, Mr. G. S. Butler, Mrs. M. Smith, Lt.-Col. B. H. Finnis, Mr. H. V. Wijnmalen, Mr. D. C. Denham, Mr. B. N. Williams, Mr. S. Grundy, Lt.-Stoker H. Cann, Stoker W. Rann, Stoker J. Stevenson, Stoker B. Whittle, Stoker T. A. Knight, Mr. G. H. G. Caulton, Miss D. K. Ewing.

ADMIRAL LINE TO TRIESTE AND HAMBURG

Under the management of the Admiral Line, the s.s. *China Seas*, an 8,250 tons vessel of twelve knots, will depart from this port for Trieste and Hamburg. The vessel is classed by Lloyd's as 100-A1 and is equipped to carry 1st class and steerage passengers. Her schedule calls for departure from Hongkong on August 25th.

THE NEW P. & O. STEAMER "MANILA"

The new steamer *Manila* which is in the P. & O. schedule for the present trip arrived yesterday morning on her maiden voyage. She is described as one of the commodious and useful group of twelve 8,000 ton ships, all of similar type, especially constructed for the British India Company's Bombay-London trade. Of 450 ft. in length, with beam 38 ft., the new vessel, like her sisters, may be expected to exhibit the same quality of steadiness in rough weather. Accommodation for 90 first and 38 second saloon passengers in two and three-berth cabins, with appropriate public rooms, is placed amidships, and is all situated on or above the upper deck. In the second-class a few of the cabins have four berths. The first dining saloon, placed at the forward end of the bridge deck, is decorated in white and gold, and its furniture, of English oak, includes a number of "restaurant" tables, which offer seating for small parties of varying numbers. On the promenade deck, forward of the companion, is a spacious and comfortably furnished music or drawing room, with writing table and an excellent library. Aft the companion is the first smoking saloon, in English oak and upholstered in morocco leather. The second dining saloon, at the after end of the bridge deck, is comfortably and conveniently appointed, and above it are the second music and smoking saloons. The stewards' department possesses, among other up-to-date equipment, an enclosed passage between pantries and galley connecting the two, thus excluding the odours of cooking from the passenger accommodation. The *Manila* is, of course, fitted with wireless telegraphy. On her trials she developed a speed of 14 knots.

STEAMERS' MOVEMENTS

Per s.s. *Sado Maru*, on July 21st:—Mr. L. A. Dufferford, Mr. and Mrs. Piquet and Miss Piquet. Total passengers 83.
The sailing of the s.s. *Kanawana* for Australia has been postponed till Tuesday, the 28th instant, at noon, owing to the vessel having been delayed at Moji.

VESSELS EXPECTED

Atacama (Blue Funnel), due August 7th, *Bottom Castle* (Doddwell Castle Line), due about July 30th.
Elpenor (Blue Funnel), due August 31st.
Eumacys (Blue Funnel), due August 29th.
Glascus (Blue Funnel), due August 14th.
Inaba Maru (N.Y.K.), due August 18th.
Kanawana (E. and A.), due July 24th, about noon.
Keenun (Blue Funnel line), due July 29th.
Kitano Maru (N.Y.K.), due August 3rd.
Manila (P. & O.), due July 22nd.
Montague, due August 11th.
Nagano Maru (N.Y.K.), due August 2nd.
Nagato Maru (N.Y.K.), due July 28th.
Nankow (Blue Funnel), due August 10th.
Peris Maru (T.K.K.), due July 23rd.
Protestant (Blue Funnel line), due August 14th.
Rangoon Maru (N.Y.K.), due July 24th.
Silver State (Admiral line), due July 31st.
Suva Maru (N.Y.K.), due July 23rd.
Togo Maru (T.K.K.), due August 4th.
Wakasa Maru (N.Y.K.), due July 24th.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying in the Great Northern Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

Address	From
Alschel	Dank
Miss Haber, Hongkong Hotel Amoy	Tientsin
Miss Haber, Hongkong Hotel Amoy	Shanghai
Yu Woo Chong	Hankow
691	Tientsin
7213	Tientsin
2894, 0448, 7429, 5891, 3057, 0448 (Wing Lee Gilman Street)	Tientsin

The following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

Address	From
Bastos, Manager Astor House Macao	American
George Taylor, Cerpique	Oxnardal
Miss Haber, Hongkong Hotel Fookchow	Indra
Indra	Hobarttas
Jaffray, St. George Hotel	Tourane
Strook, Hongkong Hotel	Shanghai
Swingle, Astor House	Rangoon

re-transmitted from Singapore Trading... New York

CHURCH SERVICES

St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong, 9th Sunday after Trinity, July 24th, 1931. Holy Communion (7.50 a.m.) Matins (11 a.m.) Responses, Psalms, Venite, Kelyway (3rd morning); Psalm 46 (Jones), 47 (Davis), 48 (Pymar); Te Deum, Jones, Camidge, Camidge (12th morning); Benedictus, Goswami (10th evening); Anthem, "Easter Hymn," Sullivan; Hymn 184, N.B.—Psalms 43, verses 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 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965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Union Church, (Kennedy Road).—Sunday Services, July 24th. Morning Service at 11 a.m., Hymns, 380, 340, 10, 302. Subject of Sermon, "Privilege and Blessedness." Evening Service at 6 p.m., Hymns, 238, 242, 249, 371. Subject of Sermon, "Human Preparation for Divine Working." Preacher, Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald. [115]

CHURCH OF ENGLAND MILITARY SERVICES

—Sunday, July 24th, 1931. 8 a.m., Holy Communion, Chaplain's Room. 9.45 a.m., Parade Service, Cathedral. 11 a.m., Parade Service and Holy Communion, Mt. Austin Barracks. 6.45 p.m., Evening Service, Hospital, Bowen Road. 8.45 p.m., Evening Service, Chaplain's Room. [102]

First Church of Christ Scientists, MacDonnell Road. Sunday, 11.15 a.m. Wednesday, 5.45 p.m. [183]

WEATHER REPORT

July 22nd, at 10.05.—Local signal No. 1 hoisted.

July 22nd, at 10.05.—Warning to Hongkong, Coast Ports, &c.—A typhoon of unknown intensity within 60 miles of Lat. 20 deg. N., and Long. 122 deg. E., moving W.N.W.

July 22nd, at 11.10.—Pressure has decreased considerably over S. Formosa, and slightly at Hongkong and Manila.

A secondary formed in the southern portion of the typhoon area yesterday.

It may be of dangerous intensity.

At 6 a.m. this morning its centre was in about latitude 20 deg. N. and longitude 122 deg. E. apparently moving W.N.W.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 67.29 inches against an average of 47.50 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:—

District Forecast.

Hongkong to Gap Rock — N.W. winds, freshening considerably; fine at first, rain later.

Formosa Channel — Cyclonic gales. South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook — The same as Hongkong and Lamook. No 2.

South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan — Light variable winds, freshening.



HOME VIA CANADA

Hongkong to England

via Shanghai, Nagasaki, (*Moji), Kobe, Yokohama, Vancouver & Montreal.

Pacific Steamer	From Hongkong	Due Vancouver	Atlantic Steamer	From Canada	Due Liverpool
E. Russia	Aug. 18	Sept. 5	E. Britain	Sept. 10	Sept. 16
Monteagle	Aug. 23	Sept. 16	Melita	Sept. 23	Oct. 1
E. Asia	Sept. 15	Oct. 8	E. France	Oct. 18	Oct. 25
E. Japan	Sept. 20	Oct. 11	E. France	Oct. 18	Oct. 25
E. Russia	Oct. 13	Oct. 31	Victorian	Nov. 11	Nov. 20
Monteagle	Oct. 26	Nov. 19	E. Britain	Nov. 26	Dec. 4

Other Atlantic Sailings every few days to Liverpool, London, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp & Harve. Allotment of accommodation on these steamers is held in Hongkong. Through reservations made and tickets issued here. Early reservation necessary.

Three Transcontinental Trains Daily. Standard Sleeping Cars, Compartments & Drawing Rooms.

Canadian Pacific Hotels at Victoria, Vancouver, in the Rockies, Calgary, Winnipeg, Montreal and Quebec.

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LTD. Hongkong Office. Telephone 752. Cable Address: GACANFAC. [48]

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"ECUADOR" sailing Aug. 10th, 1931.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO. Hotel Mansions, Hongkong. Cable Address: "SOLANO" [999]

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Freight and Passenger

For SAN FRANCISCO via SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS and HONOLULU. AMERICAN STEAMERS.

"EMPIRE STATE" sailing Aug. 31st.

SHANGHAI-CALCUTTA SERVICE

Freight Only

For HAIPHONG

S.S. "CADDOPPEAK" sailing daylight July 28th.

MANILA-EAST-INDIA SERVICE

Freight and Passenger

SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU, MANILA, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, CALCUTTA & COLOMBO.

Monthly Sailings

ROUND-THE-WORLD SERVICE

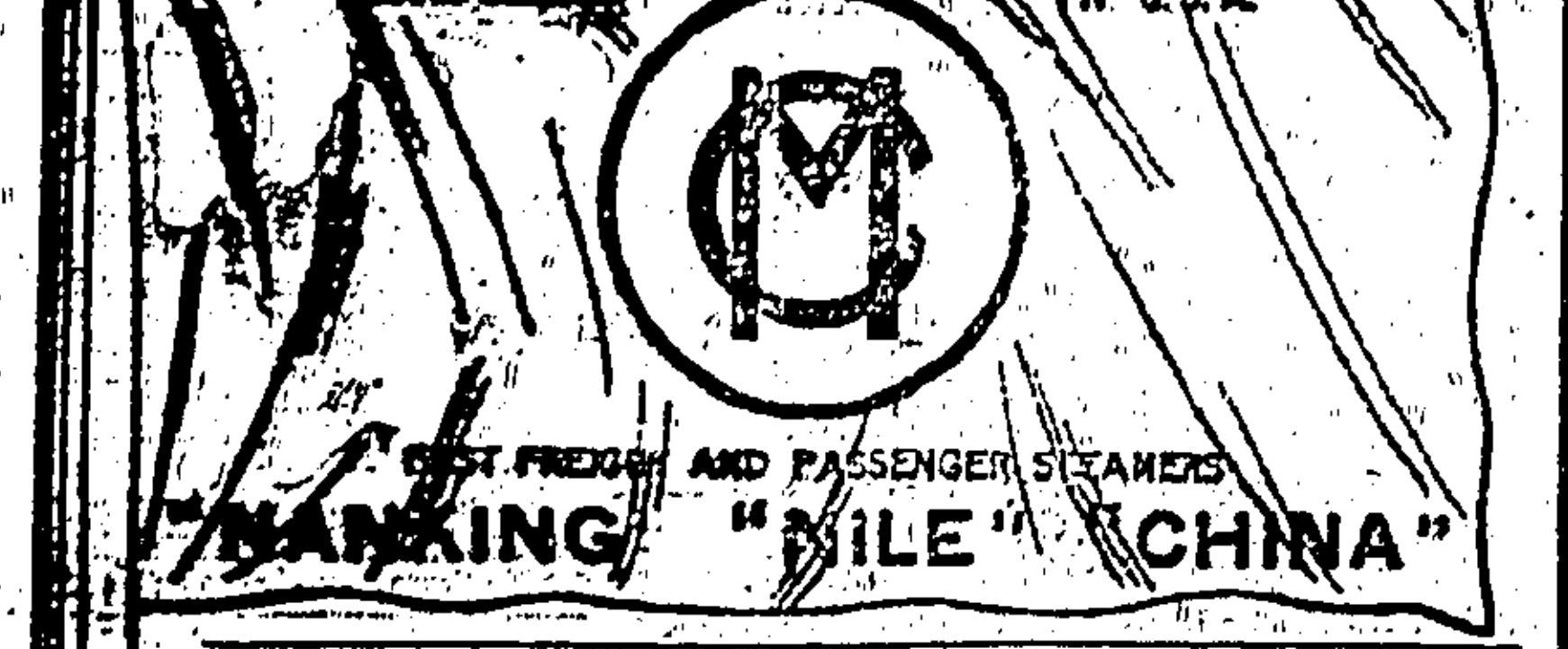
Freight Only, Monthly Sailing

San Francisco to Yokohama, Kobe, Dairen, Tientsin, Shanghai, Manila, Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta, Colombo, Bombay, Alexandria, Bizerta, Marseilles, Barcelona, the se Baltimore, Norfolk, Cristobal, Los Angeles and San Francisco.

For full information regarding rates, space, etc., apply to—PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO. Telephone 141. Cable Address: "SOLANO." Hotel Mansions, Hongkong.

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AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE.

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Subject to change without notice.

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Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to NEREA DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH & CAPE TOWN direct or with transshipment at CALCUTTA and/or COLOMBO

For particulars apply to—

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UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

LONDON, GLASGOW, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG

S.S. "KASAMA" ... 12th Aug.

Subject to change without notice.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to apply to the undersigned.

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Sailings from Hongkong.

S.S. "HELENUS" ... via Suez Canal ... 6th Aug.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.

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For freight and particulars apply to—
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HONGKONG AND CANTON, REISS & CO., CANTON.C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

For	Steamer	T. Sail
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"CHENAN"	On 23rd July, 4 P.M.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"CHINEUA"	On 24th July, Noon.
CEBU & ILOILO	"KIUKIANG"	On 25th July, Noon.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KANCHOW"	On 26th July, 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI & FUKOW	"SZECHUEN"	On 26th July, Noon.
SHANGHAI	"SUNNING"	On 28th July, Noon.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"YINGCHOW"	On 30th July, 4 P.M.
HOIHOW, FAKHOI & H'PHONG	"KAIFONG"	On 2nd Aug., 9 A.M.
SHANGHAI & FUKOW	"SHANTUNG"	On 2nd Aug., Noon.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	"TAMING"	On 2nd Aug., 4 P.M.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGER, MAILS AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation. Amidships. Electric Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (thrice weekly) and Tsingtao (weekly), taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.

BANGKOK—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

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REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First-Class Passengers Electric Light and Fans in staterooms and Saloons and Excellent cuisine.

FOR

SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW
AND RETURN

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days.)

"HAICHONG" ... Capt. A. H. Stewart | SATURDAY, July 23rd, at 5 P.M.
 "HAILONG" ... Capt. W. Cooper | TUESDAY, July 26th, at 2 P.M.
 "HAIHONG" ... Capt. W. C. Fennore | FRIDAY, July 29th, at 2 P.M.
 * Calling at Swatow for Passengers only.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Black Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

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NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA,

EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS (South)

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SYRIA"	7,000	30th July	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KALYAN"	9,000	6th Aug.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"DUNERA"	6,400	20th Aug.	Singapore, Colombo & Bombay
"MANILA"	7,300	31st Aug.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	9,000	2nd Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KYNELI"	9,000	18th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"SOMALI"	7,000	30th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"SOUDEY"	6,700	14th Oct.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"SANDHIA"	6,800	28th Oct.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KARMALA"	9,000	11th Nov.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp

BRITISH INDIA - APCAR SAILINGS (South)

"BUBALUS"	3,800	27th July	Singapore
"GREGORY APCAR"	4,700	2nd Aug.	Calcutta via S'pore, P'ang & H'goon

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"KANOWNA"	7,000	26th July, Noon.	Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	22nd Aug.	
"EASTERN"	4,000	19th Sept.	

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

"MANILA"	7,200	23rd July, 11 A.M.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Y'ham
"JAPAN"	6,000	30th July	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"KASHMIR"	9,000	1st Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Y'ham
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	2nd Aug.	Yokohama direct
"DUNERA"	6,400	20th Aug.	Shanghai & Japan
"ARRATON APCAR"	4,900	10th Aug.	

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY—FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Tickets Interchangeable.
1st Saloon Passengers may travel by R.I.S.N. Company's Steamers between Singapore and Calcutta or Singapore and Madras in lieu of the section of their P. & O. Tickets Singapore to Colombo.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.
Parcels Measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice. Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Gordon & Dorells, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

22, Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG.

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

"HIMALAYA MARU" ... Sunday, 14th Aug.

BUENOS AIRES—RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, DURBAN & CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE. PASSENGER SERVICE.

"PANAMA MARU" ... Thursday, 25th Aug.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO—REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE via SINGAPORE

"MALAY MARU" ... Wednesday, 27th July

DELI & BANGKOK via SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular monthly service

"KISHU MARU" ... Monday, 1st Aug.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE—Monthly service taking cargo to New Zealand and Pacific Islands.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA—Via Shanghai and Japan—Regular fortnightly passenger service touching at intermediate ports in Japan taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U.S. in connection with Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

"MANILA MARU" ... Tuesday, 2nd Aug.

NEW YORK via PANAMA—Regular monthly service via Japan Ports, San Francisco, Panama and Cuban Ports.

"HAYRE MARU" ... Sunday, 14th Aug.

NEW ORLEANS LINE via SUEZ.

JAPAN PORTS—Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

"SHUNKO MARU" ... Saturday, 30th July.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive and depart from the O.R.K. wharf near the Harbour Office.

"KAIYO MARU" ... Sunday, 24th July.

TAKAO via SWATOW & AMOY

"SOSHU MARU" ... Thursday, 28th July.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YABUDA, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. Nos. 744 & 745

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Steamer | Arr. Hongkong from Australia | Lv. Hongkong for Australia

SAILING SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

This Steamer is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-Booms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand & Tasmanian Ports.

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(Calling Shanghai & Japan Ports)

S.S. "WHEATLAND MONTANA"	From Hongkong	Arrive Seattle
S.S. "SILVER STATE"	For MANILA	
S.S. "SILVER STATE"	Aug. 2nd	
S.S. "KEYSTONE STATE"	Aug. 13th	Sept. 2nd
S.S. "WENATCHEE"	Sept. 2nd	Sept. 22nd
S.S. "CITY OF SPOKANE"	Aug. 20th	Oct. 22nd

PASSENGER & FREIGHT

FOR TRIESTE & HAMBURG

S.S. "CHINA SEAS" ... Aug. 25th

FOR PORTLAND DIRECT

S.S. "ABERCOS"	For MANILA	Sept. 8th
S.S. "MONTAGUE"	(Calling at Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama & Portland)	Aug. 7th

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland Common points.

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FOR SAIGON—SINGAPORE—JAVA PORTS.

S.S. "LAKE ONAWA" ... Sailing Aug. 3rd.

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OFFICES

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SERVICE to UNITED STATES

For NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via Panama.

S.S. "BELLFLOWER" ... to NEW YORK ... Aug. 15th.

For freight space and particulars apply to—

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Telephones

2477 & 2478.

AGENTS.

5th Floor

HOTEL MANXIONS.

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MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT	SAILING DATE
SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA	"COR LIERE" ... 15,000 tons	15th Aug.

HAIPHONG & SAIGON only	"CAP ARCONA" ... 15,000 tons	about 22nd July.
MARSEILLES via SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DIBOUT, SUEZ & PORT SAID	"PORTOS" ... 20,000 tons	During 2nd part of Aug.
	"CORDILLERE" ... 10,000 tons	During 2nd part of Aug.
	"ANDRE LEBON" ... 22,000 tons	During 2nd part of Oct.
	"ATLANTIQUE" ... 12,000 tons	During 1st part of Nov.
	"PAUL LEGAT" ... 20,000 tons	During 1st part of Dec.

For full particulars regarding sailings, etc., apply to—

R. BODENFUSCH, Acting Agent, Queen's Building.

Telephone 740.

CHINA-AUSTRALIA MAIL S.S. LINE.

FOR AUSTRALIAN PORTS VIA MANILA & SANDAKAN.

"VICTORIA" Aug. 20th.

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

Y. CHINA-AUSTRALIA S.S. CO., LTD.

Agents, 113, Cross Street, Central.

Tel. 5307

